

LETTERS OF
THE PEOPLE.SOME POLITICS AND POLITICAL
TRICKERY UNDER
DISCUSSION THIS
WEEK.

TROUBLE ALONG THE OLD CAPE FEAR.

Some of the Ways That Are Dark And
Tricks That Are Vain—How Things
Are Done And Who Do Them.THE DEVIL LOOSE IN THE AUGUST
ELECTION.

GUM BRANCH, N. C., May 1, 1901.

I send you some names as I want the good news scattered all over the world. If there ever was a time when needed it is now. It is times that all good people were up and doing, for they have been crushed, and may the good people gain the victory, and I know that God is not going to let the devil rule all ways. If the devil was ever loose he was loose in the August election. May it never be so again.

JOHN T. BARBER.

WANTS LOVE AND JUSTICE TO
REIGN.MERRY HILL, N. C.,
April 29, 1901.

Enclosed find money order for my subscription. I am old and not able to work, but can't do without THE CAUCASIAN. If I can possibly help it, for it gives me the truth about what the lawless redshirts are doing. I love truth and justice, and hope the time will come when they will control North Carolina, whether I live to see it or not.

G. W. COBE, SR.

STIRRING TIMES IN FAYETTEVILLE,
FAYETTEVILLE, April 29, 1901.

"When thieves fall out" honest men not only get their dues" but find out the tricks and meanness of the thieves.

The majority contest here is at a white heat. The "regular" Democrats here nominated W. S. Cook and the "irregular" Democrats have nominated J. D. McNeill, and the "regular" and "irregular" Republicans have nominated John Underwood.

Mayor Cook has made a very efficient officer. He is not one of these low, dirty politicians.

The morning of the August election, when the news reached Fayetteville that the registration book was stolen at Cedar Creek, some of the infamous ballot box thieves were going to fire off a cannon to celebrate the theft, and Mayor Cook issued an order saying the man or men who fired off the cannon in Fayetteville to celebrate such an infamous crime would be sent to jail. Cook is being supported by the dispensary element, and McNeill by the whisky element.

McNeill is playing his last on the political stage.

He has been charged with more political rascality than any other man in the county, and as such as any man in the Third Congressional District, and doubtless he is guilty; he has never denied much of it, if any.

He is a member of the State Election Board, and had all the eternal fitness and a life-long experience. He said during the August campaign that he had resigned, but it proved to be a fake.

The anti-McNeill and Hale people have started a newspaper in opposition to the Fayetteville Observer, which is edited by H. I. McDuffie.

McNeill has registered every negro in Fayetteville, and is using a one-legged school teacher as his right-bower.

It is well remembered that Jim McNeill and G. A. Burns were during the August campaign the whitest of the white supremacy gang, but every negro school teacher is now being button-holed and patted on the shoulder; but "blessed are they who expect but little, for they shall not be deceived."

The taking of the testimony by Mr. Thomas in the Fowler-Thomas contested election is about completed. The contestee, Mr. Thomas, has utterly failed to contradict the testimony taken by Mr. Fowler.

The registration and poll books in precincts Nos. 1 and 4, in Cross Creek township cannot be found.

Rev. D. N. McLean was registrar in precinct No. 4, and said while on the stand that he did not remember what he did with the registration and poll books.

McLean always loses the registration books when there is a Congressional contest. He lost (?) the book in the Thompson-Shaw contest. McLean was seen in the Registrar of Deeds' office during the taking of testimony by Mr. Fowler with a booklike the registration book; there were some parties in the office and he left the office with the registration book in an old tax-book. He had learned that there was a search being made, and he was trying to return the book and was about to be caught, and "made his escape" as above described.

The farmers are much discouraged by the late spring. The peach crop is not yet killed.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF WIRES.

Congressman Dick Favors Radical Reforms in Postal System.

In an address before the Presidential Postmasters' Association of Ohio today, Congressman Charles F. Dick, chairman of the Republican State committee, declared himself in favor of government control of telephone and telegraph lines. Discussing the Loud bill, Mr. Dick said he believed it would be enacted into a law by the next Congress. But this was not the greatest reform needed in the postal system.

All means of communication, he declared, should be under government supervision—telegraphic and telephonic, as well as the mail system. This is certain to come. The United States finds that the surplus of its products must be disposed of in the markets of the world. It must not only protect but aid its commercial interests, and in commerce it is an advantage that communication be not only swift, but inexpensive.

If a telegraphic communication can be sent by the government for 5 cents, then a private corporation must not be permitted to charge and collect 25 cents for that service. The means of communication ought to be the government's monopoly and not that of a private corporation. Gen. Dick said that universal free rural delivery is certain to come within a very short time and declared himself emphatically in favor of a postal savings system.

Seven and Forty.

From the New York Press.

Seven is a holy number. Forty, like 13, is a superstitious one. Did you ever try to enumerate its virtues? Moses was 40 days on the Mount; Elijah was 40 days fed by ravens; the rain of the flood fell 40 days; another 40 days expired before Noah opened the window of the ark; 40 days was the period of embalming; Nineveh had 40 days to repent; our Lord fasted 40 days; He was seen 40 days after His resurrection; St. Swiftna betokens 40 days of rain or dry weather; a quarantine extends to 40 days; the privilege of sanctuary was for 40 days; 40 days was the limit for the payment of a fine for manslaughter; the widow was allowed to remain in her husband's house for 40 days after his death, etc. Hamlet loved Ophelia harder than 40,000 brothers. The best tale of the "Arabian Nights" is about Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves. We all take 40 winks for a short nap. The 39 articles of the Anglican Church are "forty stripes save one." The Jews were forbidden by the Moslem law to inflict more than 40 stripes on an offender, and for fear of breaking the law they stopped short of the number. And so forth and so on.

Judge Bennett Cited
Monroe Enquirer.

Dr. George Rainsford, of New York, used some very strong language when the charge was made that missionaries in China are responsible for the conditions existing in that country. Dr. Rainsford said that the charge of missionaries looking is "damned rot." When the doctor was questioned about his warm language he said that he did not advocate the use of such language, but there were times when such language was justifiable and that to say it is never justifiable is absurd. Dr. Rainsford can appreciate the remark of Judge Bennett when the Bank of New Hanover "went bust." "Oh, for some form of sound words the clergy might use under stress of great provocation."

Pekin Again Unsafe for Foreigners

London, May 1.—Dr. Morrison writing to the Times from Peking April 29th, protests that Count von Waldersee's policy of punitive expeditions has thrown the greater part of the province of Chi Li into anarchy and disorder.

"This is so complete," he says, "that the neighborhood of Peking is now more unsafe for foreigners than at any previous time since the occupation began. The trade with the interior is crippled. The only armed Chinese are robbers and 'Boxers.' Restitution to the Chinese territorial jurisdiction has become a paramount need."

The correspondent mentions incidentally that neither the British legation nor General Gaselee was notified of the expedition into Shan Si.

Grandmother of Her Own Children.

New York World.

Dayton, Ohio, May 2.—A marriage was solemnized today, which makes a queer tangle in relationships. The contracting parties are John Karch, aged 59, and Mrs. Susie Karch, aged 22. The bride is the divorced wife of the son of the bridegroom.

The divorced husband is now living in Indiana. Mrs. Karch has two children, and as she has married her father-in-law the grandfather of the children becomes their step-father. Likewise Mrs. Karch will be the grandmother by marriage of her own children.

His Devotions.

Chicago Tribune.

Fanny—You had boy! I don't believe you ever pray.

Tommy—Yes, I do. I thank the Lord every night and morning that I ain't a girl.

AVERY PLOW CO., TO JOIN THE TRUSTS

It is Stated They Make Between 15 and 20 per Cent of the Plows in the United States.

Louisville, Ky., May 1.—The stockholders of the Avery Plow Company, which is said to have the oldest plow factory in the United States, it having started operations in 1825, today authorized the directors to sell out to the new plow combination being engineered by Chicago capitalists, if they can get their price, which is between \$1,500,000 and \$2,000,000. The Avery company is said to make between 15 and 20 per cent of the plows made in the United States. It is said in Louisville that the new combination is to include eight factories in Indiana and Illinois and the Avery plant at Louisville, and that it will, if formed according to this plan, control 90 per cent of the total plow output of the United States.

Precautions Against Spread of Typhus
From Mexico.

Washington, May 2.—Extra precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of typhus fever from Mexico into this country, according to a statement made today by Surgeon Wyman, of the Marine Hospital Service.

General Wyman said that medical inspectors, stationed at the three principal crossings between Mexico and the United States, have been regularly inspecting every train crossing the frontier.

New Manager of Seaboard.

Norfolk, Va., May 2.—The management of the Seaboard Air Line Railway Company's system was today assumed by Mr. James M. Barr. His title is first vice-president and general manager. He comes from the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, of which he was formerly third vice-president. Mr. John Skellon Williams, president of the Seaboard, came here from New York with Mr. Barr and installed him. These two officials will shortly make a tour of the entire Seaboard system.

Funston, The Man From Kansas

William Allen White will contribute to an early number of The Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, a striking anecdotal article on "Fighting Fred" Funston, the man who captured Aguinaldo. This is the second of a series of remarkable character studies by this brilliant journalist now appearing in The Saturday Evening Post.

Mr. White will also contribute to early numbers of the magazine an unusually interesting short serial story dealing with Kansas life.

Why Should She?

Mr. Bluebomber—My dear, you have an irritating habit of asking "Why?" after every statement I make. Now, won't you try to break yourself of the habit?

Mrs. Bluebomber—Why, certainly, my dove. I'm sure I didn't know I did. I'll certainly try to break myself of the habit, as you suggest. But why?

Russia to Borrow \$100,000,000.

Berlin, May 2.—The Vossische Zeitung prints a special dispatch from St. Petersburg, announcing that Russia has virtually arranged with France for loans amounting to 500,000,000 francs, and that another Russian loan is being negotiated with English and American bankers in London.

The dispatch further says that the czar is planning for a trip abroad during next August, and that he will visit Copenhagen, Darmstadt, and Vienna.

Not Successful.

Philadelphia Press.

"Willie," said mamma, "didn't I tell you to wash your face?"

"Yes, ma'am," Willie replied, "and I did wash it."

"I don't believe you. It's just as dirty as ever."

"Mamma," piped little Elsie, who had just been vaccinated, "maybe he did it, but it didn't 'take' the first time."

College Yells.

Successful Farmer (whose son has been to college)—What was all that howlin' you was doin' in 'th' grove? Cultured Son—It was merely showing Miss Brighteyes what a college yell is like.

Farmer—Wall, I swan! Colleges is some good after all. I'm goin' into town to sell some truck to-morrow. You kin go along an' do 'th' callin'.

North Carolina Synod of Lutheran
Church.

Greensboro, N. C., May 2.—The North Carolina Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church convened in annual session today at Gibsonville, near this city. Among the most important questions to come up during the session will be the removal of North Carolina College, the synodical male educational institution, located at Mount Pleasant.

Forgotten.

Atlanta Constitution.

The greatest grief on this bright world below—
Hymned of the poets, blest of gods above,
Is not forgetfulness of earth to know,
But only the forgetfulness of love!

SIGNS OF
AWAKENINGSOME OPINIONS AS TO THE
DEAD WEIGHT AND DE-
CADENT DEMO-
CRACY.

PEOPLE SPEAKING OUT PLAINLY.

Defiance of the Red Shirt Anarchy—and
Some Predictions as to the Future—Ad-
vice to "Christian People"—and Other
Utterances.

There is no doubt that some of the most effective influences in the Southern country are actively at work with a view to forming a new era of thought in the South, and that the main hope is to dislodge from councils and power that class of men who hold ballot-box stuffing and fraud and red shirtism as the highest principles in politics. It is a fact that for some years past such a purpose has been openly declared by a number of the most able and honest men in the South, and while they have adhered to that purpose, they have been given such a baptism of political fire as the old, moss-back regime supporters could administer. But these pioneers never wavered, and now some of their most ferocious opponents of past years are falling into line. Even Mr. W. J. Bryan sees the signs of the times and utters a warning to the "Democracy"—that Democracy which bases all existence it can claim on a platform stolen from the People's Party, and which depends for its success solely on fraud, ballot-box stuffing and red shirt force.

A few comments here appended—some of which may have been published before, will offer some suggestion as to the efforts being made, and which it may well be hoped will prove successful.

Nothing to Be Proud of.

Charlotte Observer.

Two phrases have been dinned into their ears until they are sick at the stomach—"white supremacy" and "negro domination." These will neither persuade nor scare the people of North Carolina hereafter. An attempt was made, after the August election last year, to warn them over and over them for November, but it failed signally and had to be abandoned. In truth, considering that there are three white men in North Carolina to one negro, and that the whites own practically all of the property and are possessed of all of the intelligence, there is nothing to be particularly proud of in the fact that our people were ever frightened by the cry of "negro domination"; the people of Georgia, where race conditions are much the same as they are here, could never be so frightened and hence have declined to take even the first step toward the adoption of a constitutional amendment to disfranchise the minority and inferior race. But that is neither here nor there—we have our amendment and the white folks propose to have the freedom which they were promised should go along with it; indeed, they have already begun to enjoy it.

Advice to "Christian People."

Biblical Recorder.

"We have at last come to the end of the political war. Now may the people and the churches have rest; and may all Christians people give no countenance to those leaders who may seek again to make fellow citizens hate one another. Now is the time for us to establish a new political basis in North Carolina, recognizing the right of any man to vote as he pleases and demanding that politicians shall wage their campaigns on principles instead of passion. It is with the people."

Waiting for a "New Party."

Our Home.

We remember very well how the editor of the Wadesboro M. & I. and his kind, had had spells when fusionists filled a few places with the same men who created the office. If it becomes generally known that the Democrats are doing even worse along this line than the fusionists did, we are afraid our friend Boylin will wash his hands of the whole business and form a new party. We are waiting for a new party ourselves—a party that is not completely dominated by self-seeking machine demagogues, but we would rather join one that has a good start.

McLaurin Observed.

Edgefield, S. C., April 26.—Senator McLaurin has many warm supporters here, in Senator Tillman's own county. They feel that the South has been practically dead for many years, and the national Democratic party is a set of dry bones like an Egyptian mummy. It is asserted that while God has given man free agency, the South for many years has had no more free agency as to national politics than a railroad engine, but she is now the abject slave of antiquated issues and a few fit office holders. There is a resurrection of new life in McLaurin's speech at Charlotte that is like the spring trees, putting on the tender leaves of hope for national good to the South.

The Better It Will Be For the Country.

Western Carolina News.

If the tone of the press represents public sentiment, and it usually does, the second administration of President McKinley will be known in history as our most marked era of political good feeling. Even the rank and file editors are expressing wishes that the President's trip to the Pacific Coast will be enjoyable to him, and the preparations for his reception all along the route are being participated in by men of all political parties. This is as it should be, and the longer it continues the better it will be for the country.

Sectional Prejudice Weakening.

Kansas City Journal.

President McKinley's efforts to re-establish fraternal relations between the North and the South are not without results. There are many gratifying evidences that the sectional prejudice which has held on so tenaciously among the Southern people has greatly weakened within the last few years. It is true that the war with Spain was largely responsible for this, but it was mainly the President's treatment of the South in the conduct of that war that did the work. The appointment of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, Gen. Wheeler and other prominent ex-confederates to important positions in the military service accomplished more in the direction of reunifying the two sections than anything else ever attempted.

Bryan on the "New Movement."

Lincoln, Neb., May 2.—In a statement made today, William J. Bryan takes Senator McLaurin, of South Carolina, to task for what he declares is his political flop. At the same time, Mr. Bryan admits that Senator McLaurin's action marks the beginning of a movement in the South, which will have an influence upon the politics of the nation. He says:

"It is not likely that Mr. McLaurin will be the leader of the movement, because he is handicapped by the fact that he is using his official position to misrepresent the views and interests of his constituents, but some leader will arise to give direction and force to the aristocratic and plutocratic element for which Mr. McLaurin speaks. There is such an element in every community, and now that the race question no longer unifies the white people of the Southern States, it will doubtless manifest itself."

"Senator Tillman has already taken up the gauge of battle thrown down by Senator McLaurin, and will doubtless be able to marshal a considerable majority in that state, but the same influences are at work in other states, where there is greater danger of their success."

Once a "Fire Eater."

Haywood Journal.

Ex-Senator M. C. Butler, of South Carolina puts the seal of his approval upon the course of Senator McLaurin of that state in supporting the administration's foreign policy. He also approves the course of President McKinley toward our new possessions. In his opinion it would be healthy for South Carolina to have an active opposition to the machine that occupies the saddle in that State. Ex-Senator Butler as our readers will remember was once the bitterest fire eater in the whole South, and such a modification of views is a significant sign of the times.

A TOWN MADE MOTHERLESS.

A Terrible Disaster on the River Dupeire

London, May 3.—A special dispatch from Odessa, dated April 26th, purports to give an eye-witness story of the recent ferryboat disaster on the River Dupeire near Katchik, where a steamship, with a hundred mothers, with their babies, returning from the evening milking were drowned. A sudden storm sprang up, there was a panic, the postmen swamped and only a few of those on the ferry were saved by a boat. Three persons clung to a horse which swam ashore. Practically every family in the village was rendered motherless by the disaster.

Mississippi Cotton Growers in a Dilemma.

Jackson, Miss., May 1.—Farmers of this section have just discovered that their cotton seed planted prior to the cold wave has not and apparently cannot thrive. Because of high prices paid by the oil mills for seed, the farmers sold their seed to the merchants, who are holding what little seed they have at \$35 per ton but the oil mills here propose to sell all they have at cost \$18 per ton.

Hidden Treasure Found.

Akron, O., May 1.—Joseph Meyers, employed on the old Osborne farm, has dug up a pot containing \$3,600 in gold. It was found near the barn. This is the second discovery of gold made on the place, the total being more than \$5,000. Osborne's relatives have always contended that there was \$20,000 hidden in various places.

Robbers Plead Guilty.

Macon, Ga., May 1.—O. M. Chestnut, of Jacksonville and Cliff Jordan of Macon, charged with robbing a Southern express car on the Central of Georgia railroad, plead guilty before the police recorder this morning and were bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$1,000.

ANOTHER
CALAMITY.THE SOUTHERN CITY OF
JACKSONVILLE RAVAG-
ED BY A FEARFUL CON-
FLAGRATION.

GREAT LOSS—THOUSANDS HOMELESS.

Over One Hundred Forty Blocks Go Up
In Smoke—Hotels, Theatres, Churches
and Everything Wiped Out—Disaster
As To Loss of Life—An Appeal For
Help.

Jacksonville, Florida, May 4.—The most disastrous fire in the history of this city began yesterday shortly after noon in a small factory, from a defective wire, according to the best belief and burned for nearly ten hours. In that time a property damage estimated from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000 was effected.

According to the city map one hundred and forty blocks were burned, many of them in the heart of the business and residence section. The estimate of houses to the block is ten, hence 1,400 of them went up in smoke. Many of the finest public and private buildings were destroyed, including hotels, theatre, churches and residences.

The casualties cannot be accurately estimated tonight. That there were several seems to be well authenticated. Among them was that of the Fire Chief, who sustained a bad fall. The Mayor ordered all of the saloons closed, and has impressed people help to clear the wreckage.

The Mayor at a late hour, stated that he estimated the loss at \$15,000,000, and that 10,000 to 15,000 people were homeless.

The situation is one approaching desolation in a large section of the city.

The burned district reaches from Burbridge street on the north, to the St. John's River on the South, a distance of not quite two miles. The width of the desolated area is thirteen blocks. Within this space practically everything is blackened ruins. On Bay street, the principal mart of trade, the Western Union Telegraph Company's building is the first going west. Everything east of Laura on Bay is gone.

At 10:15 o'clock the fire was under control, having practically burned itself out. The suburban settlements, with the exception of La Villa, are intact. La Villa was badly hurt. The extent of the damage cannot be told until to-morrow. Thousands of persons are on the streets tonight homeless, with practically all their worldly possessions upon their backs. The depots of the railroads, situated in the southwestern section, have been turned into temporary lodging houses and hospitals. Luckily the weather is fine, so that there will be no suffering on that score.

The city is under martial law and all of the available State militia is on duty in the streets. Some order is being brought out of the confusion. Jacksonville is meeting the emergency calmly and has organized for relief work. Ten thousand people are homeless, and many of them left on afternoon and night trains for St. Augustine and other coast cities and nearby towns, while numerous river craft took many to little places on the St. John's river. Supply stations have been established in various parts of the city and all day they have been thronged by the hungry. One story, which is persistently reiterated, is to the effect that a party of men and women driven to the docks by the fire were compelled to jump in the water and that several of them were drowned.

A sail boat that was at the boat yard was made use of by Alfred Ball, a member of the Jacksonville Rifles, who lives in Springfield suburb, at Third and Main streets, Mr. Ball says: "There certainly were many lives lost at that point. The shrieks and cries for help that came to my ears during the first moments of the four hours that I was in the river were heart-rending and awful. I was utterly helpless and I am positive that at least five persons were drowned at that place. I got in a sail boat at Gardner's yard, at 5 o'clock. There were about 15 persons aboard, two negroes among the number. When we got into the boat every avenue of escape was cut off. We got a line to the steamer Edith, and she pulled us from the dock. A moment later the line parted. Two boats drifted alongside and eight persons tried to get into them. Both boats capsized. I saw several go down and drown. Several of those who got out of the sail boat were swept under the wharf at the foot of Market street, and I think all have been perished. I got to the wharf and for four hours held the piling. When I was rescued I was badly burned about the head. I felt a body float against my legs and tried to lift it to the surface, but failed. Undoubtedly there were many lives lost at the foot of Market street."

Says Arthur Cummer, of the Cummer Lumber Company: "We heard the shrieks and calls for help as we steamed from the wharf at the last minute. We heard numbers of persons were in peril on the wharf and made for the pier again. A sail boat was cornered in the docks. Young Coxetter, of St. Augustine, swam to the steamer Edith, and we gave him a line. The line either parted or was burned. In the same instant both steamer and boat were enveloped in dense smoke. We got a glimpse of the sail boat drifting in, shore and then disappeared in the flames. As the Edith steamed toward mid-channel to escape, we heard agonizing cries for help. There is no doubt but that all in the boat suffered a frightful fate."

The officers and crew of the Edith report that they saved 60 persons who had jumped into the river to escape flames.

Postmaster Exam Appeals For Help.

Washington, May 4.—The following telegram officially reporting the Jacksonville fire and appealing for help was received today at the Postoffice Department:

"Jacksonville, Fla., May 4. Postmaster-General, Washington, D. C.

"Three-fourths of the residence and business portion of the city was destroyed by the great fire here yesterday. The postoffice was in much danger at one time, but was uninjured. Great suffering, expense and assistance should be sent the city, as thousands are homeless and without means of support.

(Signed) "DENNIS EGAN,
Postmaster."

CIVIL RULE FOR MANILA.

The Trial of Lieutenant Boyer Has Been
Completed—No Verdict.

Manila, May 3.—The civil government in Manila was established today as a preliminary to the inauguration of a general civil government. Judge Taft says a municipal government for Manila will shortly be created.

The Board of Health has completed the census of Manila. The population numbers 224,782.

The trial of Lieutenant Boyer, charged with commissary irregularities has been completed. The verdict has not been announced.

The trial of Captain Barrow, also charged with commissary irregularities, begins Monday.

Yellow Fever in Havana.

Washington, May 3.—Yellow fever has made its appearance in Havana and the order of the Secretary of the Treasury suspending the quarantine regulations until the 15th instant has been revoked. The news of the presence of the disease was forwarded to the Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital Service by Dr. Glennan, chief quarantine officer for Cuba. He says there are two cases of the fever in Havana, but makes no report for other parts of the island. The quarantine regulations, which go into effect immediately, require certificates of immunity from persons coming from Cuba to the United States through Southern ports, and five weeks absence from Cuba on the part of persons coming from that island through Northern ports.

Chinese Eating Each Other.

Des Moines, May 3.—Minister

Conger has received messages asking cooperation in giving relief to starving millions in Northern China. Minister Conger says the suffering of the famine stricken people in Shanai is indescribable.

"Prince Ching told me only two days before I left Peking," said Minister Conger, "that these people were literally eating each other. They have eaten every blade of grass, every bit of bark—everything in fact that can be eaten in that province. Nothing has been raised there for two years, and unless relief is given many thousands must perish."

China Can't Pay Indemnity Without As-
sistance.

Peking, May 2.—At a meeting of

the Ministers yesterday the report of the Indemnity Committee was read. It is claimed that the revenues from all available sources will not allow China to pay the indemnity unless assistance is rendered.

The next meeting will be held next Tuesday. The subject of Count von Waldersee's letter will then be taken up and a reply to it will be drafted. The Ministers personally object to the tone of the letter. They claim that they know what they want without being told. They particularly object to any of the legation guards being under any authority except that of the Ministers themselves.

A Cat the Mother of Chickens.

The correspondent of the Rich-

mond Times from Bristol, Va., says: "A pet cat as the mother of a brood of young chickens may seem rather odd to be true, but such a state of affairs exists at the home of Dr. H. T. Berry, in Bristol. The hen had warmed the nest of eggs, when she dropped and died. Observing the deserted appearance of the nest, about which the cat had played, she coiled herself upon the eggs and remained faithful to them until 16 little chickens had broken through the shells and were playing about her."

Unsuccessful Attempts to Combine.

Winston, N. C., May 3.—A prom-

inent cotton-mill man says that two attempts have been made to combine cotton manufacturing, but they failed. He added that he did not think such a thing possible for several years at least.

Sugar Advanced 10 Cents.

New York, May 3.—All grades

of refined sugars were advanced ten cents a hundred pounds to-day.

IN

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Three Months, .35

No. 11.
TRADE UNION COUNCIL
RALEIGH, N. C.

WORSE THAN NEPOTISM.

What is called nepotism has always been condemned. That is, when a man holding a public position uses his position to secure as many other positions, subordinate or otherwise, as possible for members of his immediate household. It is the thing for which his political opponents always arraign him more or less, and it is a thing which a man's friends deprecate. But how much worse it is for a man holding a position of public trust to which there is honor and pay attached, to use or abuse such power not only to create positions for members of his household, but to create positions greater and more profitable than those that he holds for himself in order that he may fall from one soft berth directly into a softer one of his own creation, but for which the tax payer foots the bill.

So carefully did the Alliance legislature of 1891, which created the Railroad Commission, guard against this evil, they provided in the act that no member of that legislature should be eligible to the position of Railroad Commissioner.

But how different with the last two Democratic legislatures! The last legislature created many new judgeships and solicitorships and other well-paying offices. The promoters of this legislation, it seems, were fixing berths for themselves. Mr. M. H. Justice and Mr. F. D. Winston helped to create judgeships into which they have already landed. Mr. J. G. Spahn and Mr. J. M. Gager, Jr., helped to create solicitorships and they have already landed in two of said places. Mr. Shannonhouse helped to create the position of Recorder at Charlotte and at once landed snugly in the position made to fit, in his opinion, his size. Senator T. M. Arrington, of Nash, has managed to have himself landed on a commission, which he helped to create.

These will serve as samples to show the kind of men who made up the revolutionary legislature, or at least their conception of the duties and responsibilities of an important place of trust, especially when they stand in a representative capacity to legislate for the people and not for themselves.

It may have seemed alright to them to do these things; they may not have been conscious of doing wrong, but the absence of such consciousness of doing wrong would be the most terrible indictment against their want of those qualities which are necessary to fill places which they created for themselves. Is it possible that Gov. Aycock could not find other men in his party equally capable and deserving of these places?

It may not be inappropriate to call attention to another significant thing and, that is, that some of the men above referred to, who have accepted appointments at the hands of the Governor to positions which they themselves helped to create, were thought to be opposed to the infamous impeachment proceedings. In deed, the friends of some of them had been assured, to a certain extent, that they did not approve the partisan efforts to impeach the Judges and with the lights before them would be forced to vote against the conviction of the Judges. At least, we have so been informed. These men, however, when the test came, voted for conviction. Was there new and overwhelming evidence introduced sufficient to change their minds? Surely there must have been, for it would be horrible to suppose for a moment that the Governor who had the appointing power, no matter whether he favored the conviction of the Judges or opposed it, could use these positions to effect a vote of the jurors of the High Court of Impeachment, and equally, if not more horrible to suppose for one moment that these men would change their votes at such a suggestion or based on such a hope. We cannot believe it.

The Book of books admonishes us not only to avoid evil but to avoid even the appearance of evil.

THE INCOME TAX AND THE NEW TARIFF MOVE.

On the front page of the CAUCASIAN will be found a significant interview from General Grovernor squarely in favor of a national income tax. General Grovernor, as our readers know, is one of the most prominent Republican Congressmen from the State of Ohio, is very close to President McKinley and Mark Hanna, and is usually looked upon as the mouthpiece of the Administration when he speaks on the floor of Congress or elsewhere. In this interview General Grovernor says that the time is coming when it will be impossible to raise as much revenue from the tariff as has been raised in the past; furthermore that the increasing expenses of the Government call for new sources of revenue, and that this revenue must be largely raised through a national income tax, which is the fairest and most equitable of all taxes.

This is exactly what the Peoples Party has contended for in every one of its national platforms. The Peoples Party had been championing this doctrine for years and years before the Democratic party of 1896 placed an income tax plank in its platform. We regret to say, however, that since 1896 the Democratic party has never made in Congress the serious and honest efforts that it should have made for an income tax. For the last six years the writer has had, pending in the Senate, a joint resolution providing for an income tax or proposing an amendment to the Constitution if necessary to carry out such a purpose, but has been unable to get it reported from the Judiciary Committee of the Senate either with a favorable or unfavorable report. But we will let that phase of the matter pass.

We wish now to call attention especially to the meaning of this sudden conversion on the part of the Republican party in favor of an income tax. It means, first, exactly what we stated in our editorial in the last issue under the heading "A New Tariff Move" to be the fact; namely, that the Republican party was getting ready to shift its position from protection as fast as possible. This being so, of course it is absolutely necessary to raise revenue by some other means, and therefore, they naturally come to the Populist position favoring an income tax, because it is the fairest and most equitable tax. Possibly a further reason may be found in the fact that the men who have retired from active business and who no longer contribute to the campaign funds, but who have large fortunes and large incomes can in this way be called upon to contribute their fair share to the support of the Government. Even if they do complain they will be simply a few individuals, with a large amount of money to be sure, but as they are no longer in active business their political influence is not great, and so they will not be dangerous to the party imposing an income tax on them. We do not mean to criticize the Republican party for being influenced by this motive, but we simply throw it out as an explanation why it is the kind of a tax that could be levied and collected from a political standpoint with the least resistance and least danger, which consideration would, no doubt, influence more or less any political party.

In this connection, it is also to be noted that a few weeks ago Mr. Ingalls, the president of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad, who was a vigorous supporter of Mr. McKinley for President, also declared for an income tax. Every person who believes in just taxation will be delighted to see and to know that the Republican party, which is now in power and a position to act effectively, is in favor of reforming our direct taxation to this extent, but from a Southern standpoint the milk in the coconut is the determination, as it seems, to take from the infant manufacturing industries of the South the incidental or direct protection which has made the manufacturers of the North rich. It is this phase of the question that deserves serious consideration from Southern statesmen and the Southern press, and it is this phase which should appeal to the Republican party not to be sectional at this time, but to be broad and national enough to stand for the best interests of the industrial progress of every section of the country.

ADVOCATING GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPHY.

In another column will be found a report of the speech recently made by Congressman Dick, of Ohio, in which he declares in favor of government ownership of the telegraph and telephone and of using them in conjunction with the postal system, so as to not only perfect the government postal system, but also at the same time to reduce the cost of a telegram to the public to at least five or ten cents. We are delighted to see this concession. The Peoples Party has always contended for the placing under government control this important agency of commerce and trade. We regret that the Democratic party even under the leadership of Bryan, never had the courage to stand for this most obviously just and necessary reform.

As our readers are aware Congressman Dick was Secretary of the Republican National Committee in '96, is now chairman of the Republican State Committee of Ohio, and is probably as close to Senator Hanna and the leaders of the Republican party as any other politician in America. Therefore, it is reasonable to suppose that Mr. Dick is speaking not for himself alone, but is voicing the sentiment of the Administration.

We are glad to see that there is a prospect of securing this reform. There are certain reasons, however, that impel the Republican party to

announce its sudden conversion to this important principle which we will refer to later. The CAUCASIAN would be pleased to see this and other important reforms such as the income tax, postal savings banks, etc. come as rapidly as possible, regardless of what party fathers them and has the credit for their enactment.

INTEREST IN LIQUID AIR.

The article published in the last issue of the CAUCASIAN taken from the Washington Times on "Liquid Air" has attracted considerable attention and aroused no little interest. For some time the general public has seen more or less in the papers about this wonderful new motive power, but probably the article published by the CAUCASIAN was the most complete and most interesting account of the methods of manufacturing liquid air, and the many wonderful uses to which it can be economically put, that has yet been published.

Those who are interested enough about the matter, and desire further information, can write to Hon. H. P. Layton, Secretary of the Triple L Liquid Air Company, No. 11 Broadway, New York, and get a valuable and interesting little pamphlet which contains the report of the stockholders of the Liquid Air Company. This report is illustrative and shows how liquid air is used for refrigerating purposes, running automobiles, running engines and how it is also now being used in medicine and surgery in the hospitals of New York. Upon request they can also get from the company an article published in the Medical Record by Dr. Campbell White, of New York, stating some of the uses that he has made of liquid air and is still making in medicine and surgery, and some wonderful cures that have been made by its use. This article is published in pamphlet form.

Everything about this liquid air is most fascinating and interesting, and besides, it will soon be in general commercial use on account of its effectiveness and cheapness.

HOW ABOUT THE PENITENTIARY?

And now it is reported that one of the numerous penitentiary directors declares that the institution is "bankrupt" and has "nothing but its debts to run on." In 1899 the Democratic looters issued about \$100,000 in bonds to pay up the shortage and "mismanagement" of the fusion "administration" for 1897 and 1898, and they had put on the face of the bonds that they were issued on account of said "mismanagement." The "fusion" crowd had to meet the problem of bad crop years and five cent cotton. During 1899 and 1900 the Democratic gang had two good crop years and "ten cent" cotton, and yet they spent during that time \$105,000 more than they made and issued a report at the beginning of 1901 that the "pen" was sustaining. Now they are howling that there is nothing but debts to run on. THE CAUCASIAN believes in all the facts concerning the "pen" for the past two years were laid bare, there would be exposed the rottenness and most extravagant management it has ever been through.

"THE SNEAK BILL."

It has now come to light that the member of the legislature, we think from Beaufort County, introduced and passed in the last legislature a bill the title of which is as follows: "An act to prohibit the felling of timber in certain streams of Beaufort." It now turns out that the body of the Act applies to the whole State and prohibits the shipping of any logs or timber out of the State. It is not surprising how such a piece of legislation, even with its dishonest title could have gotten through; but it is not hard to understand that the men who composed this body, who stuffed ballot boxes and who were able to commit in the last campaign all kinds of high-handed revolution that would rob the people of their elective franchise, would not hesitate to introduce a sneak bill under such a false and dishonest title. It is to be hoped that the Courts will see some justifiable way to declare the the act invalid.

THE SIMMONS' MACHINE VS. INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.

The newspapers of North Carolina and South Carolina are engaged in the discussion of industrial conditions. This looks bad for the politicians. Washington Post. The Post is right. But the Simmons' red shirt machine is getting ready to yell "nigger domination" again, believing that it is the only way to keep themselves in power, and they will attempt this regardless of the blighting effect it has and will have on the industrial progress of the State. Let the farmer and the business man and all good people who love the State's welfare get together and rid the State of the domination of that class of partisan, revolutionary politicians.

Among others, the Raleigh Morning Post and the Charlotte Observer are apparently giving the "fraud and force" machine some trouble, although they aided that machine somewhat heroically in the famous and infamous August election. We don't know why, for we never did believe they wanted to do so. They are now growing a little independent and now (no election being on) and all the little machine demo papers are yelling and barking at them. This is the best evidence that these two journals are either becoming or believe to be growing a little independent and can never be moved from that basis. But when another election comes—oh well! we shall see what we will see.

A certain Raleigh paper says that when Governor Russell was here recently he and Judge Cook and Marion Butler were seen hobnobbing together, and then attempts to look wise and asks what it means and what is going on. The three persons referred to were not together hobnobbing or otherwise when the Governor was here. But that is as near as that paper desires to come to the truth. If there are any who desire to be told for facts what is not so, let such read that paper. It is not necessary to give the name of that paper, for every one who has ever read it will at once recognize it.

President McKinley is making a grand trip across the continent, stopping at various places. On Sunday he reached Mexico. A grand bull fight had been arranged in his honor. The President did not attend the fight but it was pulled off with bloody and brutal effect. The net casualties were four bulls despatched, one horse killed, two picadores unhorsed and one torero severely, but not fatally, wounded, as he was helped over the fence surrounding the arena by a madman's bull.

Tax listing time is coming. People who own solvent credits in the shape of notes, mortgages, etc., had better list them. The Revenue Act provides that if such property is not listed it is not "recoverable by action at law or suit in equity before any of the courts in this state until they have been listed and the tax paid thereon." Some people and papers seem to think that this provision was adopted by the last legislature while it was really put in the Revenue Act by the legislature of 1899.

The Democratic machine papers did not call on the act to declare unconstitutional the act which authorized Judge Jones to hold court in the sixteenth district. There was "pie" in the job. But the same press is making a lusty show of wanting the court to "repeal" that "sneak bill" law concerning the unconstitutional act of Judge Jones. This last bill is not more foolish or unnecessary than the other, but there is no "pie" in it. Isn't it plain?

The city of Jacksonville, as told in another column, was almost destroyed by fire last week. The devastation was something awful. An appeal for help came out and nearly every place is moving to help the homeless and the suffering in the stricken city. Among them Galveston, which city, though still struggling with the flood disaster that destroyed it not long since, is raising money for help. The transactions would indicate that everybody is on a gamble. The wires bring reports of two sides of that life. Some make fortunes in a day, and some commit suicide because they lose their fortunes.

The tide of speculation in the great money centres for the past two weeks has been greater than ever known before. On some days more than three million shares of stock of various kinds have changed hands. The transactions would indicate that everybody is on a gamble. The wires bring reports of two sides of that life. Some make fortunes in a day, and some commit suicide because they lose their fortunes.

That speech made by Senator McLaughlin at Charlotte must have been a solar plexus blow to the fraudulent and decadent Democracy, for the old hide-bound gang is not done squalling at it yet. The CAUCASIAN notes with pleasure that the respectable element in the Democratic party is approving Mr. McLaughlin's utterances. This respectable element, however, is numerically small.

And another member of the recent remarkable legislature lands on a good (paying) job: Superintendent of the Penitentiary. That institution will, as usual, now become "self-sustaining," and will remain so until the next legislature votes about two hundred thousand dollars to pull it out of the hole.

It looks now as though there will be some kind of a trust among the cotton mills. The latest information is that some have been "gobbled up" by somebody, and that more mills are waiting to be gobbled.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—Starvation and typhus are increasing in the village population of Bessarabia. Seventy per cent. of the farmers of that district have lost all their horses and have no seed for the spring sowing.

Palpitation.

Fluttering or irregular pulsations are an indication of weakness of the nerves or muscles of the heart. A weakness long continued produces deformity and organic disease. If your heart action is weak, make it strong. Build up the muscles and strengthen the nerves with the greatest of all heart remedies, Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.

"My wife suffered greatly with palpitation of the heart, smothering spells and loss of sleep. She found immediate relief from Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and after a thorough course her trouble all disappeared."
CAPT. THOS. F. GEORGE, Athens, Ala.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

quiets the nervous heart, regulates its pulsations and builds up its strength as nothing else can. Sold by druggists on a guarantee.
Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

WON HEAVY DAMAGES.

Gen. J. C. Underwood Recovers From "Confederate Veteran."

A telegram to a gentleman of this city yesterday from General John C. Underwood, announced that his suit for libel against Mr. S. A. Cunningham, editor of the Confederate Veteran, in the United States Circuit Court at Nashville, Tenn., had resulted in a verdict of \$25,000 damages. General Underwood sued for \$50,000.

General Underwood is well known in Richmond, having frequently visited here. He is secretary of the Confederate Memorial Association, better known as the "Battle Abbey Association."

The suit grows out of a publication in the Confederate Veteran some time ago, making serious charges against the moral character of General Underwood, and also reflecting upon his course as an officer of the association. The Methodist Publishing House, which has the contract for printing "The Confederate Veteran," is also involved in the suit.

Remember the Sabbath.

It is reported and confirmed that an ordained minister and farmer near Depeue, Cleveland county, who lives in two miles of a church, was discovered plowing on last Sunday morning. When reminded it was Sunday, he said he did not know it was Sunday, "plopped up" his bell cord and turned the "critter" into the barn yard. Whether he filled his appointment or attended services that day the reporter did not say.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. WINGLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

New Torpedo Boat Exceeds Contract Speed.

Bath, Me., May 2.—The torpedo boat Barney, built at the Bath Iron Works, on her preliminary trial this afternoon made 29.3 knots, the contract requirement being but 28 knots per hour.

A DEEP MYSTERY.

It is a mystery why women endure backache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, fainting and dizzy spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for 12 years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phoebe Chertley, at Peterson, Ia. "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I am now able to do all my housework. It overcomes constipation, improves appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50 cents. Sold by all druggists."

"Wheat King" of Kansas.

The "wheat king" of Kansas is a woman. Miss Rose Packard, of Rush County, has raised over 4,000 bushels during the last year, and its quality has given her and extra price for a large portion of it. Miss Packard is still a young woman, and has given her personal attention and supervision to the work of cultivating each of her great wheat fields.

A Nice Spring Suit of Clothes.

Will be given free to anyone who will sell only 100 packets seeds for us at 50 cents. No money required in advance. Write us a postal saying you accept this offer, and we will mail the seeds to you at once.
T. J. KIRK CO., Seedsmen, Richmond Va.

The Young Diplomat: Mother—"No, Johnny, you have had pie enough." Johnny—"Mother it is impossible to have enough of your pie." He got another piece.—Boston Transcript.

OLD SOLDIER'S EXPERIENCE.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c. For sale by all druggists.

First Kansas—"Did that cyclone damage Jed Perkins' house any?" Second Kansas—"Dunno; it hasn't lit yit."—Ohio State Journal.

TOT CAUSES NIGHT ALARM.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Gator, of Crittenden, Ky. "It seemed as though it would strangle before we could get a doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's Discovery which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cures me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free. Sold by all druggists.

To Mountain and Sea Shore Resorts via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

Before completing arrangements for your summer trips or deciding upon places at which to spend the summer, you should call on Ticket Agents and Passenger Representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway. They are specially prepared to furnish information as to lowest rates, quickest schedules and most attractive routes to the Mountain Resorts in Western North Carolina and Southwest Virginia, also to the Seashore Resorts of Ocean View, Virginia Beach, Old Point Comfort, the great Eastern Resorts along the Jersey Coast and other popular places reached via the Seaboard Air Line Railway. This Company is offering lower rates than ever with perfect train service and fast through schedules. It will interest and benefit you to call on Seaboard Air Line Railway Agents.

HEALTHY WOMEN.

Mary J. Kennedy, manager of Asmus & Co.'s Exhibit at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition at Omaha, Neb., writes the following of Peruna, as a cure for that common phase of summer catarrh, known as indigestion.



"I found the seasonal change of diet incidental to eight years' traveling completely upset my digestive system. In consulting several physicians they decided I suffered with catarrh of the stomach. Their prescriptions did not seem to help me any, so, reading of the remarkable cures effected by the use of Peruna I decided to try it and soon found myself well repaid."

"I have now used Peruna for about three months and feel completely rejuvenated. I believe I am permanently cured, and do not hesitate to give unstinted praise to your great remedy, Peruna."

The causes of summer catarrh are first, chronic catarrh; second, derangements of the stomach and liver; third, impure blood. Such being the case anyone who knows anything whatever about the operations of Peruna can understand why this remedy is a permanent cure for summer catarrh. It eradicates chronic catarrh from the system, invigorates the stomach and liver, cleanses the blood of all impurities, and therefore permanently cures by removing the cause—a host of maladies peculiar to hot weather. The cause being removed the symptoms disappear of themselves. "Summer Catarrh" sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Six New Steamers for the United States.

Copenhagen, May 2.—The United Steamship Company, of Copenhagen has ordered six new steamers of 12,000 tons each for the United States trade. On account of the increase in American exports it has been decided to open a regular line to Boston and increase the number of steamers on the New York and New Orleans route.

Pyny-Pectoral
A QUICK CURE FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the
THROAT or LUNGS
Large Bottles, 25c.
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Proprietors of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

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If you want to exchange your wool or have it manufactured into the best Blankets, Cassimores, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels and Yarns to be had in America, if you want the best made and most comfortable fitting pants you ever wore; if you want to trade with the cleverest men you ever had any dealings with, try the ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS and you will never regret it. They have one of the largest mills in the South. They ship their goods to nearly every State in the Union, and the quality of their work is unequalled. Write them for their handsome new catalogue, and do not dispose of your wool until you see it. Address,
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STRICTURE

When neglected, almost invariably results in a cure of serious complications, frequently causing uremia, poisoning resulting in death. Stricture, even when slight, weakens the whole urinary and genital organs, and the whole nervous system, causing painful, but frequently cause disorders as serious as the stricture itself. Dr. Hathaway, a man of discarded the old-time barbarous methods and perfected a system by which he removes the stricture, reducing the thickened walls of the passage to a normal condition. There is no operation. The treatment is applied by the patient effected is permanent and all complications of the diseased condition are removed. This method of treatment and cure of Stricture is exclusively used by Dr. Hathaway. Dr. Hathaway, by a similar method, cures Varicocele without operation. All Stricture, Urinary, Nervous, Blood and other diseases of a chronic nature are treated by him by his exclusive system, which for 20 years has proved infallible in its results. The cure is permanent and all complications of the diseased condition are removed. Write to him or call at his office for a free copy of his new 64 page book and self-examination. **Dr. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M.D.** 215 "D" South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

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THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., May 9, 1901
Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

CURRENT LOCAL NEWS.

Gov. D. L. Russell spent last week in Raleigh in attendance upon the Supreme Court. He looks as though he is enjoying life.

Mr. J. E. Bryan, of Chatham county, spent Monday in the city, and was in bright humor and chatty spirit about things generally.

Ex-Secretary of State, Cyrus W. Thompson left last week for his old home in Oaslow county, and will resume the practice of medicine.

Baseball continues to be a rage in Raleigh. Nine games will be played here during the six days of the current week and the first days of next week.

There will be twenty eight graduates at the Agricultural and Mechanical College this year. The exercises of commencement are to be held in the Academy of Music.

The alumni of Wake Forest College are arranging for a great reunion and banquet May 28th, in honor of the new century. It is one of the best endowed colleges in this State.

A movement is on foot in Raleigh for building a new modern hotel. It is to cost about one hundred thousand dollars. Outside capital is said to be backing the plan and local parties are pushing it with interest.

The business of growing watermelons for market is becoming an important one in this county and from Auburn, a few miles south of here, perhaps 250 car-loads will be shipped. These Wake county melons are of fine size and quality. The Southern Railway has built three sidings for use by the melon growers.

Negroes are leaving here in large numbers to work in brick-yards in New York state. One hundred and forty left last week and 50 also left from Cary, this county. It is said that one thousand more negro laborers are wanted. Last Thursday 25 women and 15 men left, to do house-work.

Last year a residence owned by Mr. Joseph E. Pogue here was burned. The Western Assurance Company, of Canada, paid a loss of \$1,500 and took an assignment from Pogue of the latter's right of action and now sues the Raleigh Water Company for failure to maintain the proper water pressure during the fire.

The Raleigh municipal election was held on Tuesday. There was no opposition to the Democratic ticket which was selected by a "primary" some weeks ago. The political trusts in some localities, if they continue unopposed, will be far more dangerous to the people than any other trust.

The Attorney-General decides in case a wife is insane and her husband not indigent, he must pay for her maintenance in the insane asylum, and that a father is thus required to pay for an insane child under 21, provided the father be not indigent; but that he is not liable for the maintenance in an asylum of his children over 21.

J. Frank Ray, of Macon county, who arrived here last week said the phenomenally cold weather last week killed practically all the peaches in his section, which is the largest peach-growing section in the State. Apples escaped injury. W. C. Newland, of Caldwell county, also here. He said he was in Mitchell Co. a few days ago and found snow from four to five feet in depth in drifts.

Miss Fannie Heck, well known among the North Carolina Baptists, writes the State Superintendent of Public Instruction that she has made arrangements to have fifty public schools continued after the ending of the regular term, by volunteer teachers. The Superintendent expresses his gratitude for her work in the past, and pledges his hearty co-operation.

The Governor has pardoned Raney Mills, a negro woman convicted in Rutherford county of murder in the second degree and sentenced for two years. Her husband killed a Mr. Flack and was lynched for it, and Raney herself barely escaped. She is young and has a child only eight months old. She was convicted because she gave her husband a pistol and told him to shoot.

May 10th will be observed in Raleigh as Memorial Day when the graves of the Confederate Dead will be decorated with flowers. May 30th is Federal Decoration Day, a few years ago the ex-Federal soldiers, resident here have been attending the Confederate Memorial, and the ex-Confederates have been attending the Federal Memorial exercises.

The directors of the Soldiers' Home met this week. The members present were Dr. B. F. Dixon, Col. A. B. Andrews, A. B. Stronach, and Maj. J. W. Ramsey. Col. Andrews was elected chairman of the board. There are 55 inmates of the Home and 65 applications on file. The directors investigated charges of desertion against W. W. Kelly of the 31st N. C. Regiment, from Wake county. He made a full confession of the charge and was dismissed from the institution.

The subject of good roads is taking stronger hold on the people every day. The State Geological Survey has just issued a bulletin in which it says: "An examination of the acts of the last several General Assemblies in North Carolina shows that a considerable advance is being made in the matter of legislation looking to the improvement of the public roads in the State. This is, of course, what one would expect as an outgrowth of the good roads movement of the past few years. Indeed, in view of the extent and the success of this movement in many directions the remarkable fact is that so large a proportion of the counties in North Carolina still insist on continuing in the old rut, pretending to keep up their public roads by a labor system which every other civilized country has long since abandoned."

NEW BUSINESS NOTICES

The oldest and most secure establishment of the kind in the city and perhaps in the state, is the Brown Undergarment House, of Raleigh. It is conducted by Mr. H. J. Brown, whose card appears in this issue. The business extends over a wide territory and the house is known everywhere as prompt and reliable. Calls are immediately attended to day or night, and the service given is complete.

Among the new and hustling business concerns of the city is the furnishing store of Messrs. John E. Bridgers & Co., on upper Fayetteville street. These young gentlemen are out for popular favor and they are winning. They have grown up in their business and they know something about it. They carry an attractive and complete line of gentlemen's furnishings and can suit any taste. Everything is new and neat and the store is worth a visit just to be seen.

On Hargett Street, in the city, is the progressive grocery store of J. B. Green & Co., who have their new card in this issue. They do not go into details of their business, but they convince all who deal with them that they are up-to-date, and that their purpose is to make their firm name a synonym for tasteful up business in a manner satisfactory in every particular. They make good friends of all patrons.

An attractive place at all seasons of the year, in Raleigh, is the tasteful and well equipped pharmacy of A. S. McGeachy, the Fayetteville Street Druggist. It is a popular resort for people visiting the city who are looking for anything dispensed by a first class drug store from a delicious soda fountain drink to the standard drugs that go into a carefully compounded prescription. There is never failing attention to every detail, both in the matter of quality and in the matter of service, and the house is always inviting in appearance.

The well known firm of W. C. Stronach's Sons have an announcement in this issue. This house hardly needs any mention, but it goes on the principle that "keeping everlastingly at it brings success," and hence, in addition to pursuing prompt and square business methods it recognizes the value of keeping in touch with the public and the people by "everlastingly" telling them that business is continually going on. And such is the fact in this case. The name is a guarantee for everything that is regular and legitimate in business and the house has come from father to sons growing in reputation and strength. It deals in everything staple and desirable in the grocery line and every order given it is executed with fidelity and dispatch.

Among the most widely known firms in the city of Raleigh is the large grocery house of J. R. Ferrall & Co. Its basis of prosperity is strict and quick attention to details. Nothing goes in or comes out of the large building occupied that is not carefully examined so that its quality may be known, and if quality should not be the chief characteristic of the goods examined, its rejection is certain—no matter whether the goods are being bought or being sold. This method of business is one of the reasons why this firm has been so successful so long and continues to gain favor. Its name appears in this issue, and it may be relied upon as a good firm name.

Among the most progressive manufacturing establishments in this state, and one which has been and now is of the greatest benefit to Farmers, especially, is the Chatham Manufacturing Company, of Elkin. The working plans of this company are such as enable them to give the greatest advantage to their customers. These plans are briefly outlined in their new advertisement in this issue, and the CAUCASIAN knows by experience that they carry out particularly and faithfully every detail. They pay the highest prices for wool, and sell the best material at the lowest possible prices. If you have wool grown on your farm, send it to this company. Ask them to send you a suit or part of a suit of clothes. You will receive something that will please you, and will own clothing—trousers, woven, cut and made by yourself and your own friends.

THE PENITENTIARY.

A New Superintendent Elected—He was a Member of the Legislature.

The new State Penitentiary board was in session this week. Nothing particular appears to have been done except to say "nothing about the condition of affairs." and to elect a new superintendent. He is Mr. J. S. Mann, of Hyde county, who was a member of the last legislature, and who was a member of the board by which he was elected. His salary was fixed at \$2,500 per annum, and it was stipulated that neither his family nor himself can board with in the penitentiary, with expenses paid out of prison appropriation. It is therefore think the institution in a very bad way.

Some time ago Mr. E. L. Travis, as chairman, was voted a salary of \$1,800; but at this meeting, it appears this was dropped, and until another meeting he will only draw four dollars a day as a member of the board.

THE FIRST CASE KNOCKED OUT.

The Supreme Court Begins Unloading the Work of the Last Legislature—Jones Not a Judge Yet.

It will be found in the near future that the legislature of 1901 was in a mighty hurry to arrange places for many of its supporters, and among the first things it did was to begin to provide for more judges, solicitors and clerks. A part of this has just been declared "unconstitutional" in spite of the fact that an effort was made by the legislature of 1901 to impeach the court for declaring unconstitutional some of the acts of 1899.

There has been no such thing as a Superior Court in Asheville since the term held by Judge Shaw. That is what the Supreme Court of North Carolina says, and what the Supreme Court says in matters of this kind goes.

As has been stated, there has all along been some question as to whether Judge Jones could legally hold court at this time. To put the matter briefly, the general legislative act creating the 16th judicial district does not go into effect until July 25, although Judge Jones was some weeks ago appointed as the judge of that district.

The business of the court, which has been in session since last week, was brought to a sudden termination yesterday afternoon by the following telegram, received by Judge Jones from Attorney General Gilmer:

"Opinion filed reversing judgment. Court holds no judge in sixteenth district."

The opinion referred to is in a larceny case, which was sent up last week as a test case.

Of course this sudden stay of proceedings is a great disappointment, as the docket is very heavy; and, not only has all the work of the court been for naught, but there is a considerable loss to the county—not less than \$500. Two men who had been convicted and sent to the chain gang were yesterday afternoon returned to jail by the sheriff. One of the perplexing questions that has arisen is, can those who have been acquitted be tried again?

Sheriff Lee doesn't know what to do with the Emma burglars, as it now seems that the order for their removal from the Charlotte jail was no order. The case was to have been tried yesterday afternoon, and a special venire of 250 had been ordered. This is the second venire that has been ordered for the trial of these men.

Court did not adjourn—it just "stopped."

Judge Geo. Jones, who was commissioned judge of the 16th district, and was holding the court, was on the bench when the telegram came. Some one asked him how court should be adjourned "I don't know gentlemen," he said, and took his hat and left the court room.

The Raleigh Market.

Current Prices of Farm and Garden Produce.

[The prices quoted are paid to the producer.]

Cotton	7 1/4 to 8
FARM PRODUCTS.	
The market continues stiff on all farm products. Eggs and chickens very scarce and in demand	
Eggs—Fresh	12 1/2 to 13
Chickens—Live, good	20 to 25
Small hens	20 to 25
Chickens	20 to 30
Chickens, large spring	25 to 35
Chickens, small	20 to 30
Hams, N. Carolina	12 to 15
Hams, Virginia	13 to 15
Hams, Sugar cured	13 to 15
Irish potatoes, Northern, per bushel	15 to 20
Irish potatoes, new	15 to 20
Irish potatoes, seed per bu.	25 to 30
Lard, per pound	9 1/2 to 10
Butter, per pound	20 to 25
New cabbage scarce	
Four bonatoes	
Straw berries	15 to 20

Professor M. H. Holt, when in Raleigh last week, took a stroll over the Capital City, among the several objective points he had in view being the house in which President Johnson was born, on Cabarrus Street. He found it, he says, not only a small, obscure structure, but in bad repair and unkempt. He suggests that the patriotism of the people of Raleigh should cause them to secure the lot and house and preserve it as a monument to what a poor struggling, friendless boy can accomplish under a government like ours. The suggestion is a good one, and we trust it will meet with such a response as it deserves.



will boil, bake, broil or fry better than a coal stove. It is safe and cleanly—can not become greasy, can not emit any odor. Made in several sizes, from one burner to five. If your dealer does not have them, write to nearest agency of STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

Forewarned, Forearmed.

The liability to disease is greatly lessened when the blood is in good condition, and the circulation healthy and vigorous. For then all refuse matter is promptly carried out of the system; otherwise it would rapidly accumulate—fermentation would take place, the blood become polluted and the constitution so weakened that a simple malady might result seriously.

A healthy, active circulation means good digestion and strong, healthy nerves.

As a blood purifier and tonic S. S. S. has no equal. It is the safest and best remedy for old people and children because it contains no minerals, but is made exclusively of roots and herbs.

No other remedy so thoroughly and effectually cleanses the blood of impurities. At the same time it builds up the weak and debilitated, and renovates the entire system. It cures permanently all manner of blood and skin troubles.

Mr. E. E. Kelly, of Urbana, O., writes: "I had Eczema on my hands and face for five years. It would break out in little white pustules, crusts would form and drop off, leaving the skin red and inflamed. The doctors did me no good. I used all the medicated soaps and salves without benefit. S. S. S. cured me, and my skin is as clear and smooth as any one's."

Richard T. Gardner, Florence, S. C., suffered for years with Boils. Two bottles of S. S. S. put him in good condition and the Boils disappeared.

Send for our free book, and write our physicians about your case. Medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

W. C. STRONACH'S SONS.

Agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffees and Teas.

The Thousands Kitchen Bouquet—Highly Recommended by Mrs. Rorer.

ROLLER CHAMPION FLOUR. HE-NO TEA. HOLLOWAY'S BUTTER.

Gordon & Dillworth's Table Delicacies.

STRONACH'S SONS.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

H. J. Brown Coffin House JOHN W. BROWN, PROPRIETOR FUNERAL Director and Embalmer, 207, 209 and 211 SOUTH SALISBURY STREET. RALEIGH, N. C.

HICKS' CAPUDINE

Headache Cure. LEAVES NO BAD EFFECT. WHATEVER 15, 25 and 50c. at Druggists

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

High class Goods. Lowest prices. My Clocks are reliable—any style. The little intermittent alarm clock is a sure work. Every home needs one.

Repairing Done Honestly and Carefully. If you are thinking of purchasing a Watch or watch-chain or other Jewelry, come to see me.

T. W. Blake, Raleigh, N. C. Local Inspector for S. A. L.

The world is patiently waiting the advent of the man who can explain why a baby never wants to play in the coal-scuttle until after it has been dressed for company.

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE. SAFEST - AND - BEST 25 and 50 cents a bottle For Sale by all Druggists

Southern Railway

The Standard Railway of the South. The Direct Line to all points— Texas - California Florida - Cuba and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address (No trouble to answer questions) S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A., Washington, D. C.

R. L. VERNON, THAD C. STUBBS, T. P. A. Charlotte, N. C. Raleigh, N. C.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Mr. H. H. Draughon of Mingo, N. C., has Turkey Callers for sale at 75 cents each, and will have Hawk Callers in a few days at same price. Will send either or both to any one desiring them on receipt of price.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. Rusk, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

JNO. R. FERRALL. JOSHUA R. HILL. J. R. FERRALL & CO., GROCERS 222 Fayetteville Street. Largest and best stock of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES in the city.

ARE YOU LOOKING? FOR DRUGS OF BEST STANDARD. FOR TOILET ARTICLES OF TASTE. For Soap of Sweet and Dainty Perfume. For Fresh and Prolific Garden and Flower Seeds. M. C. GEACHY, 133 Fayetteville St. RALEIGH, N. C.

JOHN E. BRIDGERS & CO., TAILORS—AND—HABERDASHERS. Latest Styles in Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs and Shirts. 121 FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

J. B. GREEN & CO. BUY YOUR GROCERIES FROM J. B. GREEN & CO. BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES. No. 9, East Hargett Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

The Man With the Ax NEEDS CLOTHES THAT WILL WEAR. This is the kind WHITING BROS. Make a Specialty of, at Popular Prices. Men's and Boy's Shoes, 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Public School Books! The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

Simpson's Eczema Ointment Cures All Skin Diseases. CURED TO STAY CURED? YES, CURED TO STAY CURED! And that means CURED TO STAY CURED! Sent by Mail for 25 cents. William Simpson, Pharmacist, Raleigh, N. C.

Anticephalalgine The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE. SAFEST - AND - BEST 25 and 50 cents a bottle For Sale by all Druggists

Southern Railway The Standard Railway of the South. The Direct Line to all points— Texas - California Florida - Cuba and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

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Our Ladies' DOBBIN & FERRALL Ready to Wear At Tucker's Store. Over Garments, Tailor Made Suits, Separate Skirts, Shirt Waists, Silk and Washable Kinds The Largest and Most Select Stocks AT LOWEST PRICES. Come to Raleigh and be fitted. No extra charge for any attentions to further perfect the fit. Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Our SHOES are all new; therefore they are in right style and do not rip—but wear better. They are made especially for us; therefore we guarantee every pair that does not give satisfaction, and sell them cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere where they are bought of jobbers, as we save the middleman's profits. Their style is right, their service is right, the price is right—these are the 3 things to consider. See them and convince yourself.

DANIEL ALLEN AND COMPANY, SHOE DEALERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE, RALEIGH, N. C. Is headquarters for Everybody. Rates \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day. Elegant Rooms With Baths, 50 CENTS PER DAY EXTRA. L. T. BROWN, Manager FREE COACH AT ALL TRAINS

CALIFORNIA King Gold Mines Company 32 Broadway and 69 New St., New York. JOHN P. JONES, President. CAPITAL 1,000,000. SHARES PAR VALUE, \$5.00 EACH. FULL PAID—NON-ASSESSABLE.

DIRECTORS: Hon. John P. Jones, Gold Hill, Nev., U. S. Senator and mine owner. Hon. James B. Grant, Denver, Colo. Ex-Gov. of Colorado, of Grant & Omaha Smelting Co. Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, Sioux Falls, S. D., U. S. Senator. Hon. Willard Teller, Denver, Colo. Attorney at Law. Wm. C. Kean, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa. Real Estate and Insurance. John C. Montgomery, Denver, Colo. Pres. Montgomery Investment Co.

BANKERS: Hon. Ashley W. Cole, Brooklyn, N. Y., Chairman Board of State Railroad Commissioners. Stillson Hutchins, Washington, D. C. Publisher and mine owner. Harry M. Gorman, Carson City, Nev. Pres. Bullion Exchange Bank and Supt. Comstock mine. Hon. Stephen W. Dorsey, N. Y. Ex U. S. Senator and mine owner. Jerome B. Landis, Jr., Binghamton, N. Y. Director Binghamton Trust Co. J. B. Landis, Jr., Secretary and Treasurer.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Bank, 63 Broadway, New York. Offer 200,000 Shares Treasury Stock at \$3.00 per Share.

The California King Gold Mines Company owns 23 claims in Pico Basin, four miles from the Colorado River in California, and 20 miles by direct road from Yuma, Ariz.

Development work has been in progress for the last six years, and more than 10,000 feet of shaft, drifts, levels and cuts have been completed and paid for by the owners.

Upwards of fifteen million tons of ore are now ready for the mill, all of which will be mined by open cuts at a nominal cost.

A contract has been entered into for the erection of a mill and cyanide plant capable of handling 1,000 tons of ore daily, which will be completed this year. The directors guarantee that this plant will be placed in operation, regardless of the amount of treasury stock subscribed.

The net profit after commencing operations will exceed \$50,000 a month, and probably reach \$100,000 a month within a year. The ore in sight will supply such a plant for more than forty years.

The property is owned by the directors. There is no promotion stock or promotion money. No salaries to officers. Every dollar realized from the sale of stock goes into the treasury to pay for the plant. Not a share of stock has been offered for sale before.

Reports of J. Ralston Bell, London; Wm. A. Farish, Denver; Emerson Geo. Denver; P. C. DuBois, Berkeley, Cal.; J. L. Shepherd and others, all eminent mining engineers, agree in recommending this property. Application will be made to list stock on the Boston Stock Exchange. Prospectus and any information desired will be furnished on application.

Subscriptions received by THE CALIFORNIA KING GOLD MINES CO., 32 BROADWAY, N. Y. NOYES & DANA, 27 State St., Boston. WYNN, PRINCE & CO., INC., Betz Bldg. Philadelphia. PRESTON, WATT & SCHUYER, 411 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

Fifty Thousand Copies OF TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC will be issued for the Year 1901.

To advertise is simply to make known, who you are, where you are, and what you have to sell. How to do this effectually, and at the smallest possible cost is the problem for you to solve. The failure to obtain desired results from advertising is due to the way some people do it, and they invariably say "It does not pay." The judicious way is to use a medium that has reputation, circulation and permanency. Turner's N. C. Almanac has been the State Standard for 64 years, and has an annual circulation of 50,000 copies, and remains a standing advertisement for a year. Advertising rates upon application.

ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

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* Woman and Home Circle *



A SPRING POEM.

In the spring the whistled farmer
drinks hard over a can,
Throwing words of burning language
at the busy hired man.
In the spring the grand old granger
plants his cabbage and his corn,
And the out-works come and kill them,
while he sleeps in the morn.
In the spring the good old Rover hides
behind the bushes damp,
Waiting always, waiting ever, for a
chance to nail a pup.
In the spring the bull so gentle, which
has been a pet for years,
Gores the poor, confiding farmer—and
the next in sheds no tears.
In the spring the youths and maidens
go to picnics in the woods
Packing with them in their baskets
sandwiches and other goods.
And they fall into the river, and the
giggers eat 'em up.
And they come back from the picnic
swollen like a poisoned pup.
In the spring he feels quite stupid and
his liver's out of whack.
There are rumblings in his stomach,
there are crakings in his back.
When he goes to bed at evening he can
only roll and groan,
For his mouth tastes like a hen's nest
and his head feels like a stone.
In the spring the wily stranger comes
to sell a patent auto.
And he gets the names of victims to
a hundred dollar auto.
Oh perhaps he has a "silly" to which
he can attach a plow.
In the spring he makes a garden, full
of things he likes to eat,
And the chickens come and scratch it
all to thunder and repeat.
In the spring his lawn is pretty and
he points to it with pride,
Till the cattle come and spoil it in
the silent evening tide.
In the spring the groaning husband
eats his victuals in the barn,
For his wife must clean the mansion;
and she doesn't give a darn.
And the yard is full of carpets, and the
trees are full of sheets,
The bed-tick is on the porch-roof—and
the stranger's eyes lie greet.
Woman's in her glory, when she
Oh, tears things all apart,
Piling beds and chairs and pillows in,
a way to break your heart.
When the blamed old cleaning's over
then the wife is taken ill,
And it keeps the husband bustled, buy-
ing dope and drug and pill.
And the mansion is no cleaner than
when she began,
But she'd say when he said so—and
he is a prudent man.
In the spring—why not be happy, for
the world is all bloom,
And to fret and fume and worry only
drives us to the tomb.
—The Journal, Independence, Va.

Wait to Speak.

One of the most common incidents in social life, generally, and to which practically no exception is paid, is that of the abrupt interruption by one person of another when speaking. There are many people—too many, who, when some impulse seizes them, to say something will break into any conversation or narration that may be being carried on by another. These people seem to think that when they want to speak, everything else must give way, and it makes no difference to them whether they annoy or bore others by their practice or not. They do not know the polite art of listening respectfully, and they constitute a class of people who will never learn much because they seem to assume that they have the capacity of teaching others all there is to learn, or unwillingly learn anything from others. This habit is more common around the dining board or tea-table than anywhere else. There is not one hostess in ten who does not think it more important to ask a guest if he or she will have something at the table, than to wait a few seconds for the guest to finish something he or she may be saying, and how many of those are there who sit around the family table especially will hesitate to ask for something to be passed without regard to what is being said or who may be saying it? Is it not time for Home Circles to be organizing a little reform in this matter.

Boil Eggs in Cold Water.

"This egg tastes as if it had been boiled in hot water," said the emancipated young woman with the short hair. "I can always tell in a minute if an egg has been cooked in that way."
Her companion had not learned quite so many things and was quite satisfied with her egg. She only murmured softly:
"I never heard of an egg boiled in cold water, did you?"
"It is high time you were introduced to this institution," her wise friend continued, "and I am delighted to illuminate you even at the risk of arousing more of your sarcasm. An egg to be boiled properly for human consumption should be put into cold water and then placed over the fire. Then it cooks with

the water. The egg cooks, moreover, thoroughly and from the inside.
"Ask a physician or a trained nurse how to boil an egg so that its greatest nutriment and flavor shall be preserved. Either of them will tell you to put it in cold water. The old way of dropping the egg into boiling water has long been given up. It used to cook the egg suddenly and destroy its flavor.
"So don't be sarcastic because you haven't heard of the century's advance."—New York Sun.

121 Generations Since Adam's Time.
Alfred Judson Fisher, the Chicago historian, has woven the highly interesting results of a genealogical investigation into "A Daughter of Adam," a short story which he has written for The Ladies' Home Journal. He traces the heroine of his romance in real life a well-known Philadelphia woman (di rectly back to Adam, establishing with corroborative detail every link in the long genealogical chain. He brings to light the fact that there have been one hundred and twenty-one generations of the human family, beginning with Adam.

The "Best Man" at the Wedding.
An Irishman in West Denver went to a wedding the other night and when he showed up at work the next morning he had a black eye and there were several strips of plaster on his face. Being asked what the trouble was, he said: "Well I'll tell ye, I went to the wedding all right, and was enjoying meself to me heart's content, until I ran across one of those dudes who was strutting around in a swallow-tail coat like a peacock. And who are you?" sez he. "I'm the best man," sez he—and begorra he was."

A Bride Is Never Nervous at the Altar.
The humorous and unusual experiences in the life of a metropolitan clergyman are told by the Rev. David M. Steele, of New York City, who has just written about "Some People I Have Married," for The Ladies' Home Journal. Mr. Steele declares that the prospective bride is always nervous until the time for the marriage ceremony, when she is calm and collected. The groom is exactly the reverse; always cool until he comes to face the clergyman, when his nerves invariably give way.

Evolution.
A girl named plain "Mary" at her birth, dropped the "M" when she grew up and became Miss Mary. As she began to shine in a social way she changed the "y" to "e" and signed her letters "Mae." About a year ago she was married, and now she has dropped the "e" and it's just plain "Ma." That's evolution.

"Say, mamma, how much am I worth?"
"You are worth a million dollars to me, my son."

"Say, mamma, couldn't you advance me twenty-five cents."—Times.

Reasons Why you Should Insure in the Manhattan Life

Its business is confined strictly to the most healthy portions of the United States, thus its policyholders constitute what you might call a preferred class.
It is one of the strongest companies in the World, and its assets are big enough—\$16,367,636.00—all gilt edged, and are invested entirely in America, thus receiving the constant care and attention of the officers of the company.
It is an American company, amenable only to our own laws and not subject to the dictation of various foreign governments.
It is not a race for new business, the watch words of the company being, Strength, Solvency and Security.
Its policies are simple, clean, straightforward contracts.
Its management has been practically the same for a quarter of a century.
It has paid its policyholders since organized over \$45,000,000.00.
RATIO OF PAYMENTS TO POLICYHOLDERS TO PREMIUMS RECEIVED FROM ORGANIZATION TO JANUARY 31, 1900.

Company.	Commenced Business.	Premiums Received.	Paid to Policyholders.	Ratio
Manhattan Life, Aug. 1850.	\$55,763,054	\$45,346,055	\$81.31	
Mutual Life, Feb. 1843.	728,253,694	510,449,169	70.09	
Mass. Mut. Life, Aug. 1851.	60,268,275	37,647,130	62.47	
Penn. Mutual, May, 1847.	87,749,054	52,215,293	59.51	
New York Life, April, 1845.	527,388,388	298,198,195	56.49	
Equitable, July, 1859.	593,109,594	322,786,211	54.42	
Northwestern, Nov., 1858.	209,752,220	107,316,914	51.16	
National Life, Feb., 1850.	36,598,233	18,006,228	49.20	
Union Central, March, 1867.	43,864,891	17,344,844	39.64	

This is how the Manhattan has earned its title, "The Old Reliable."

BUTLER & AYER, General Agents, Raleigh, N. C.
505 Tucker Building.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.
All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or poisons from the blood. If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work. Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidneys.
Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.
It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.
If you are sick you can make no mistake in forming an opinion as to the cause of your illness. The extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.
You may have a sample bottle by mail. Send three stamps, free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., P.O. Box 589, New York.

Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease. Write for free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 224 S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Dr. E. Detton's Anti Diuretic.
May be worth to you more than \$100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. \$1. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "SOUTH AFRICAN NERVE TONIC." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Please try and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

MILEAGE TICKETS REDUCED.

Seaboard Air Line Railway one thousand mile tickets are now sold from all points on its lines at rate of \$25.00, including those previously sold at \$30.00. These tickets are good over the entire Seaboard Air Line Railway system and are honored between Richmond and Washington, and between Richmond and Potomac and Pennsylvania railroads, between Portsmouth and Baltimore by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company (Bay Line), Frederickburg and Clinton and Columbia, S. C., by the Columbia, Newberry & Laurens Railroad. All tickets which have been sold at \$25.00 and are good over the entire system, including lines in Florida, regardless of such endorsements.

In addition, it is the only line operating through trains, and Pullman sleeping cars between Atlanta and Norfolk, where connections are made with the Old Dominion Steamship Company, from New York, the M. & M. T. Company, from Boston and Providence, the Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Company, from Washington, the Baltimore Steam Packet Company from Baltimore, and the N. Y. P. & N. Railway, from New York and Philadelphia.

Through Pullman cars also operated on quick schedules between Jacksonville and St. Louis, via Monticello, and between Jacksonville and New Orleans, in addition through trains with Buffet Chair Cars between Savannah and Montgomery.

The local train service is first class with most convenient schedules. In fact the Seaboard Air Line Railway will ticket passengers for any points, affording the quickest schedules, fastest trains, and most comfortable service. Its 1,000 mile books sold at \$25.00, are good from Washington, D. C. over the entire system of 2,600 miles including Florida.

IN RELIEF SIX HOURS.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C. Sept. 19-11.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings, splendidly located in a remarkably beautiful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road between Raleigh and Weldon N. C.
Panacea water kept in building at all times for free use of inmates.
Fifteen officers and teachers. Terms for catalogue address Rev. J. M. Rhodes, A. M. President, Littleton, N. C.

GUARANTEED \$900 SALARY YEARLY.

Men and women of good address to represent, some to travel appointing agents, others for local work looking after our interests. \$900 salary guaranteed yearly, extra commissions and expenses; rapid advancement, old established house, grand chance for earnest men or women to secure pleasant, permanent position, liberal income and future. New, brilliant line. Write at once.
STAFFORD PRESS, 33 Church St., New Haven, Conn.

THE CASH BUYERS' SUPPLY COMPANY.

Will furnish [you] (if cash accompaniment the order) anything needed at home, on the farm or in your place of business, and SAVE YOU MONEY. We keep no goods, no store, hire no clerks or collectors; but, instead, purchase direct from manufacturers, wholesale dealers, jobbers, etc. AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, and for cash.

If you need any AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF MACHINERY, FARM SUPPLIES, HARDWARE, IRON ROOFING, WIRE FENCING, GROCERIES, FARM TREES, FRUITS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, SEWING MACHINES, BOOKS, STATIONERY, FURNITURE, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, CLOTHING, TOMATOES, BLOODED STOCK OR POULTRY, OR ANYTHING ELSE, write for prices.
Below are prices on a few leading articles, delivered at any depot in North Carolina: Two horse wagon, neat and durable, \$35; one horse wagon, neat and durable, \$25; cart, wheels and axle \$11.50; high arm, 5-drawer, drop head sewing machine, with latest attachments, \$16; nice cottage organ \$16; chapel organ \$40; beautiful 7 1/2 octave piano, splendid tone and well made, \$145 and up, according to style of case and finish.
If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.
W. S. BARNES, Manager, Raleigh, N. C.

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If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.
W. S. BARNES, Manager, Raleigh, N. C.

W. S. BARNES, Manager.

Raleigh, N. C.

RIPANS.

Mrs. C. Lee, 210 E. 33d Street, New York City, writes: "For the past twenty years I had been a sufferer from bronchial troubles accompanied with a hacking cough. I also at times suffered from extreme nervous prostration. I had tried remedies but obtained little relief until about four years ago I began taking Ripans Tablets and was agreeably surprised at the result. Since then I have used them pretty constantly. I rarely retire at night without taking my tablet, and I find they keep my digestive organs (which naturally are weak) in good order and they also allay my tendency to nervousness, and make me sleep; which I could not do before I commenced to take them. I am forty-two years of age and my occupation is housekeeper. Should you feel disposed to publish this testimonial you are at liberty to do so."

There is scarcely any condition of ill-health that is not benefited by the occasional use of a R-I-P-A-N-S Tablet, and the price, 40 for 5 cents, does not bar them from any home or justify any one in enduring ills that are easily cured. For sale by Druggists.

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Save Your Gardens BY USING BUG DEATH.

ORDER AT ONCE.



BUG DEATH.

Non-Poisonous Insecticide.

1 Pound Package, \$.15
8 " " " .50
12 1/2 " " " 1.00
Shakers .65

Pat. March 26 and Nov. 9, 1897. Pat. in Canada Nov. 1897.

Julius Lewis Hardware Co., Raleigh, N. C.

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Any Person who will send us a New Cash Subscriber, or any Old Subscriber who will pay up to date and renew his Subscription, we will send

Turner's 1901 Almanac

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TURNER'S ALMANAC is a valuable State Publication. It answers any question as to our Official State Government, Public Works, Institutions, the Courts, Events of the Past Year the Deaths of Prominent Citizens, and a great many things relating to the Farm, Garden and Household.
The retail price of the Almanac is Ten Cents.

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WEST VIRGINIA LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE BETWEEN NEW YORK, TAMPA, ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, AND POINTS SOUTH AND WEST.

IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 24, 1901.

SOUTHBOUND.

Daily No. 403. Daily No. 404.

At New York, Penn. R.R. 12:55 p.m. 12:10 a.m.
At Philadelphia P. R. R. 3:25 p.m. 3:00 a.m.
At Baltimore B. & O. 5:10 p.m. 4:25 a.m.
At Washington B. & O. 7:45 p.m. 6:30 a.m.
At Richmond J. E. 9:45 a.m. 8:30 a.m.
At Raleigh 12:00 p.m. 10:45 a.m.
At Asheville 1:45 p.m. 12:30 p.m.
At Charlotte 3:15 p.m. 2:00 p.m.
At Columbia 4:45 p.m. 3:30 p.m.
At Savannah 6:15 p.m. 5:00 p.m.
At Jacksonville 7:45 p.m. 6:30 a.m.
At Tampa 9:15 p.m. 8:00 a.m.

NORTHBOUND.

Daily No. 403. Daily No. 404.

At Tampa 8:00 a.m. 9:15 p.m.
At Jacksonville 6:30 a.m. 7:45 p.m.
At Savannah 5:00 a.m. 6:15 p.m.
At Columbia 3:30 a.m. 4:45 p.m.
At Charlotte 2:00 a.m. 3:15 p.m.
At Asheville 12:30 a.m. 1:45 p.m.
At Raleigh 10:45 a.m. 9:40 a.m.
At Richmond 8:30 a.m. 9:45 a.m.
At Washington B. & O. 6:30 a.m. 7:45 p.m.
At Baltimore B. & O. 4:25 a.m. 5:10 p.m.
At Philadelphia P. R. R. 3:00 p.m. 3:25 p.m.
At New York N.Y. & N. 7:55 a.m. 8:50 p.m.

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WILMINGTON AND WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES.

AND ATLANTIC COAST LINE R. R. COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DAILY TRAINS.

At Wilmington 11:00 a.m. 11:00 a.m.

At Rocky Mount 1:00 p.m. 1:00 p.m.

At Raleigh 3:00 p.m. 3:00 p.m.

At Goldsboro 5:00 p.m. 5:00 p.m.

At Weldon 7:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m.

At New Bern 9:00 p.m. 9:00 p.m.

At Morehead City 11:00 p.m. 11:00 p.m.

At Atlantic City 1:00 a.m. 1:00 a.m.

At M. City Depot 3:00 a.m. 3:00 a.m.

At Goldsboro 5:00 a.m. 5:00 a.m.

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